

# ProfileUnity<sup>™</sup> with FlexApp<sup>™</sup> Technology Best Practices for the FlexApp Packaging Console

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Liquidware Labs, Inc.

3600 Mansell Road Suite 2000 Alpharetta, Georgia 30022 U.S.A. Phone: 678-397-0450

Web: www.liquidware.com

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#### **General Best Practices**

FlexApp Layer packaging best practices are built upon the same guidance leveraged by many typical standard application packaging platforms. Here are some common concepts to establish a baseline:

- Conduct initial target application analysis. Consider leveraging Application Assessment data from Stratusphere FIT, prior to the FlexApp packaging process.
- Maintain a centralized, reusable virtual machine (VM).
  - Virtualization technologies have evolved into a critical core component for any enterprise application packaging process.
  - Establish a range of FlexApp Packaging virtual machines representing the various operating system versions within the enterprise.
- Maintain a FlexApp Layer repository.
  - Leverage a centralized, highly available network share for FlexApp Package/Layer storage.
  - Additionally, where possible, leverage storage technology or best practices to ensure redundancy.
  - Ultimately this becomes critical with respect to any FlexApp Layer updates that need to occur within the production environment
- Perform routine backups with respect to the FlexApp Layer repository.
- Perform preliminary application test installs as needed and document the results.
- Consider leveraging tools like Citrix AppDNA with respect to OS compatibility analysis as part of an overall application lifecycle.

### **FlexApp Packaging Prerequisites**

This section will discuss the benefits of preparation and planning with respect to the FlexApp Layer creation process. Often, one of the most overlooked aspects of this process is the staging required for the basic application installation, as part of the packaging process. What if the application has a heavy memory requirement? What if the disk footprint of the install is larger than most apps? These are questions that need to be answered before you start the packaging process, or else you run the risk of multiple failures. Here is a basic list of some of the items to be aware of:

- Packaging Operating System (OS)
  - Determine which OS versions are required Windows 10 or 11. The OS of the packaging console should match the OS of the target machines to which application layers will be deployed.
  - Determine whether 32- or 64-bit architecture versions are required. The bit-level of the packaging console should match the bit-level of the target machines to which application layers will be deployed.
- Review the FlexApp Packaging Console Guide for additional system requirements for your FlexApp Packaging VM.
- VM preferences
  - Establish hardware settings within the corresponding VMs that match or resemble production target application requirements.
- Identify prerequisite software that must be added to the FlexApp Package workspace.
- Identify application dependencies.
- · Identify basic packaging steps based on outcome launch characteristics.
- Eliminate pop-ups.
- Eliminate license demand.
  - Identify application licensing requirements.
- Plan for any user customizations that will be required during the packaging process.
- For now, Google Chrome is recommended to access either the FlexApp Packaging Console or the ProfileUnity Management Console
- Make sure .NET version 4.5.x at a minimum is installed on the FlexApp Packaging Console.
- Make sure .NET version 4.5.x at a minimum is installed on the UAT environment.
- Disable UAC on the FlexApp Packaging Console VM. (Optional)

- Disable Anti-Virus on the FlexApp Packaging Console VM.
- Block GPO inheritance if the FlexApp Packaging Console is member of domain.
- Compare this list to additional knowledge base articles for FlexApp Best Practices on the Liquidware Support Portal.

### Building FlexApp Packaging Console Virtual Machines Checklist

There are many considerations that come into play when establishing a FlexApp Packaging Console VM. Below is a list of items for consideration.

Step	Task	Status	
1	<b>Determine which operating system versions are required</b> . The OS of the packaging console should match the OS of the target machines to which application layers will be deployed. FlexApp requires Windows 10 or higher.		
2	<b>Determine whether 32- or 64-bit architecture versions are required</b> . The bit-level of the packaging console should match the bit-level of the target machines to which application layers will be deployed.		
3	Maintain a minimum of one (1) VM with snapshots per OS version. Typically, applications should be packaged using the same OS version as the desktop to which packaged layers will be deployed, meaning you might need multiple packaging VMs.		
4	FlexApp Packaging Console desktops can be either physical or virtual. Typically, a VM would provide a more robust efficient use case.		
5	Review the software requirements contained in the FlexApp Packaging Console Guide.		
6	Configure Virtual Machine Preferences. Establish hardware settings within the corresponding VMs that match or resemble pro- duction target application requirements.		
7	Disable Anti-Virus on the FlexApp Packaging Console VM.		
8	Block GPO inheritance if the FlexApp Packaging Console is member of domain.		
9	<b>Install the FlexApp Packaging Console on your VM.</b> Follow the directions in the <i>FlexApp Packaging Console Guide</i> for downloading and installing the software. The installer will check to see if any prerequisite software is needed including Microsoft .NET Framework. Do NOT install the FlexApp Packaging Console on the same machine as the ProfileUnity Management Console.		
10	Make sure .NET version 4.5.x at a minimum is installed on the FlexApp Packaging Console.		
11	Make sure .NET version 4.5.x at a minimum is installed on the UAT environment.		
12	Consider leveraging the VMware OS Optimization Tool. Download the VMware OS Optimization Guide.		
13	Compare this list to additional knowledge base articles for FlexApp Best Practices on the Liquidware Support Portal.		

## **FlexApp Packaging Optimization Checklist**

There are also opportunities to optimize the FlexApp Packaging process and enhance the results. Preparation and planning with respect to the FlexApp Layer creation process are key. Often, one of the most overlooked aspects of this process is the staging required for the basic application installation, as part of the packaging process. What if the application has a heavy memory requirement? What if the disk footprint of the install is larger than most apps? These are questions that need to be answered before you start the packaging process, or else you run the risk of multiple failures. Below are some items to consider with respect to FlexApp Packaging optimization.

Step	Task	Status
1	Select a preferred browser. For now, Google Chrome, Firefox, or recent versions of Internet Explorer are recom- mended to access either the FlexApp Packaging Console or the ProfileUnity Man- agement Console	
2	Eliminate browser pop-ups.	
3	Identify application dependencies. If an application being packaged requires other software prerequisites, one package can be created to hold both the application and its prerequisites. Start by packaging the pre- requisite software first. Then extend the package to include the original application to be packaged.	
4	Identify application licensing requirements. Eliminate license demand. Application licensing is done on the FlexApp Packaging Con- sole. If your application binds itself to any information tying it back to the FlexApp Pack- aging Console, your application's license will fail when the application is opened on your target OSs. To work around this scenario, you would move to a centralized licensing model where the application license can be staged into the base image of your OS and the FlexApp Packaging Console. The other option if your application can silently auto- register licensing on startup would be to not disrupt the user each time with licensing.	
5	Make sure .NET version 4.5.x at a minimum is installed on the FlexApp Capture Con- sole.	
6	Make sure .NET version 4.5.x at a minimum is installed on the UAT environment.	
7	Identify basic packaging steps based on outcome launch characteristics. Plan for any user customizations that will be required during the packaging process.	

#### FlexApp Packaging Optimization Checklist

Step	Task	Status
8	(Optional) Perform preliminary application test installs and document the results.	
9	Compare this list to additional knowledge base articles for FlexApp Best Practices on the Liquidware Support Portal.	

#### **Optimizing the FlexApp Packaging Console**

To optimize the FlexApp Packaging Console, complete the following steps:

 From the FlexApp Packaging Console, open a web browser and connect to the corresponding address of your ProfileUnity Management Console. An address would typically be in the following format:

https://servername:8000.

- 2. Log in to the ProfileUnity Management Console with your admin credentials.
- 3. Click the **Settings** button in the top right corner of the screen.

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FlexApp Packaging Console		
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- 4. Enter information to streamline the FlexApp Layer packaging process.
  - (Optional) To save time, enter a Default VHDX Location. A highly available network storage location is recommended.

Use this screen to configure the Fle	xApp Packaging Console. When you're done, click OK.
General Information	
Release	6.5.0.5667 1598133
Version	6.5.0.5667
Basic Settings	
Package Management URL	Either the URL of the ProfileUnity web service, or the filename and path to a packages xml file.
Package Management Username	The username in use when constanting in the web service
Default Installer Location	
Default VHD Location	The default installer location to be used when creating a new package
Default Local Install Location	The default VHD location to be used when creating a new package
	The default location to be used when creating a new non-VHD package.
Advanced Settings	
Temp VHD Mount Path	c:\windows\temp Where VHDs will be mounted.
	Cancel

• Configure any additional options.

Use this screen to configure the Fle	xApp Packaging Console. When you're done, click OK.	
Advanced Settings		
Temp VHD Mount Path	c:\windows\temp	
	Where VHDs will be mounted.	
Log Level	Debug	
	Settings the verboaity of logging for this application.	
Log Location	%temp%\fpc\FlexApp.PackageEditor.log	
	Where this applications log file will be written	
Command Line Log Path	Wogs	
	Where the flexapp tools will write their logs.	
LwIUserApp XML Location	.Vwl_userapp.xml	
	The location of the lwluserapp xml file.	
LwIUserApp XML Log Path	Wogs	
	Where the luluserapp xml file will have its logging parameter set to.	
LwIUserAppPlayer XML Location	.Vwl_userapp_player.xml	
	The location of the Induserappplayer xml file.	
LwIUserAppPlayer XML Log Path	.Vogs	
	Where the Inhuserappplayer.xml file will have its log path set to.	
Active Package Path	3	
-	The location where the activepackage xml file will be written. This file is us	ed to

5. Click OK when finished updating settings

### **Repeatability Options**

There are a few concepts within the virtualization space that allow for efficient repeatability of the application packaging process. All of these options allow for increased efficiency within the FlexApp packaging process, so there are no wrong choices when it comes to the repeatability approach you chose.

- Virtual Machine Snapshots
  - Embedded technology in most virtualization platforms that allows for the creation of a "photocopy" of the entire OS.
  - You can essentially revert or rollback the operating system to that "photocopy".
  - You can easily maintain many different snapshots in various states to maximize efficiency.
  - Taking a snapshot after the FlexApp Packaging Console is configured would provide for an efficient repeatable process.
  - Additional snapshots could be leveraged for either large applications or with respect to troubleshooting opportunities.
- Non-Persistent Desktops
  - Embedded technology in most virtualization platforms that allows for a settings change within the corresponding virtual disk.
  - You can essentially set the virtual disk to a "non-persistent" state, after which any changes made within virtual machine would be discarded when you power off the VM.
  - After the FlexApp Packaging Console has been configured, setting the virtual disk too non- persistent would provide for an efficient repeatable process.
- · VDI infrastructure can be leveraged with the FlexApp packaging process when available
  - In addition to the options listed above, Administrators have the option to destroy the corresponding FlexApp Packaging Console at logoff after the FlexApp layer has been created.
  - The FlexApp packaging VMs can then be recreated and assigned to the FlexApp administrators.

### **FlexApp Layer Storage Options**

FlexApp Layers can be stored on any available location that users have access to. One of the key features of FlexApp is its ability to seamlessly integrate with any infrastructure. Leveraging any existing storage platform is a good example of this. Below is some basic guidance to get started:

- · How to determine storage requirements
  - After the FlexApp candidate list has been identified, calculate the basic install footprint required for each application.
  - These calculations can be tabulated to come up with the total disk footprint required for the corresponding FlexApp layers.
  - At which point, an N + 1 share can be created for redundancy.

**Note:** Stratusphere FIT can conduct an application assessment of existing applications and desktops to establish the basic install footprint applications.

- Simple
  - Leverage existing VDI best practices. Most VDI platforms call for a specific storage footprint during installation and configuration.
  - ° Creating shares off of this existing infrastructure is a very straight forward approach.
  - Most VDI platforms call for the creation of a Windows Server VM that acts as a storage appliance, hosting the various shares required.
  - Follow existing user permission guidance for the most simplistic approach.
- Advanced
  - Storage vendors like Nutanix, Simplivity, NetApp, and so on can be leveraged to host the FlexApp Layer repository.
  - Follow vendor specific installation and configuration guidance when creating the various file shares.
  - FlexApp will seamlessly integrate with and leverage these new file shares on the advanced hyper-converged platform.
- Disaster Recovery concepts
  - FlexApp Layer VHDX or VMDK files can be replicated across storage locations to achieve a basic DR strategy.

 There are many options for replication including Microsoft DFS. Most storage vendors have replication software included with the solution and can be leveraged to achieve results.

### **FlexApp Layer Storage Replication Options**

FlexApp Layer replication for enterprise scalability has become a very important question recently. Here are a few examples of how to achieve results with FlexApp leveraging known platforms available to the enterprise.

#### **Microsoft DFS Considerations**

- Microsoft DFS is a platform geared towards storage replication, redundancy, and distribution of content within the enterprise environment.
- Domain Namespaces–Namespaces allow administrators to create single, logical reference points for folders that contain content. The namespaces are then replicated across enterprise AD infrastructure establishing unique application fault tolerance for the enterprise.
- DFS Targets and Replication—These Namespaces can encompass multiple targets or locations. Creating multiple targets can provide greater redundancy for enterprise users with respect to application availability.
- FlexApp Layers can be organized within DFS infrastructure and replicated across sites using unique namespaces and multiple targets.

#### Third-Party Storage Replication Technology

Most storage vendors, whether it be hyper-converged offerings from Nutanix or Simplivity, or proprietary offerings from EMC or NetApp, include software designed to provide content replication benefits. FlexApp Layers can easily be stored on files shares hosted within these various storage platforms and then replicated across sites using the included software.

### FlexApp Layer Testing

The following are common FlexApp Testing techniques for your reference:

• Primary Launch Test

Perform a simple test launch of the completed FlexApp Layer prior to reverting the FlexApp Packaging Console VM. This will quickly identify the status of the target FlexApp Layer.

- Secondary Launch Test
  - Leverage the same FlexApp Packaging Console VM.
  - Revert to a prior snapshot essentially rolling back to a clean baseline.
  - This is sometimes referred to a "Clean" test considering the corresponding application within the FlexApp Layer has never existed within the VM before.
  - This test provides important data with respect to real time deployment success capabilities of the FlexApp Layer.
- Pre-Production Test
  - Leverage a different FlexApp Packaging Console VM with a different windows OS version
  - This test provides critical data with respect to FlexApp Layer deployment capabilities to different OS versions.
- Basic Application Launch Testing

When the corresponding FlexApp Layer launches, perform simple usage tests to gauge application functionality:

- ° Click drop-down menus.
- Attempt to change application settings.

To start testing, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the FlexApp Packaging Console, open a web browser and connect to the corresponding address of your ProfileUnity Management Console, typically HTTPS://servername:8000. Log in to the ProfileUnity Management Console with your admin credentials.
- 2. Initial test
  - a. The final step of the FlexApp Layer packaging process uninstalls the application from the FlexApp Packaging Console.

- b. Activate the new FlexApp Layer from the FlexApp Packaging Console and take note of the results.
- c. If the FlexApp Layer deployed successfully and PASSES initial launch testing, then you can move onto the CLEAN test phase.
- d. If the FlexApp Layer fails, then additional troubleshooting steps should be taken.

See the FlexApp Layer Troubleshooting section of this guide for additional details.

3. On the FlexApp Packaging Console screen, click the  $\bigcirc$  (Activate) button in the column on the right for the package you want to activate.

- • ×	-	FlexApp Packaging Console
icked for Editing LC v2.2.1 Win32	Looked I VLC v2.	FlexApp Packaging Console
	1 of 1	te 👻 💽
$\triangleright$		Chrome Browser C:Wy FlexApp Packages\Chrome Browser_20150928104647
$\triangleright$		FileZilla FTP Client 3.14 Win32 C:Wy FlexApp Packages\FileZilla 3.14 Win32_20150928104156
$\triangleright$		Firefox v41.0 C:Wy FlexApp Packages\Firefox v41.0_20150928094915
$\triangleright$		VLC plus Firefox C:Wy FlexApp Packages/VLC plus Firefox_20150929085822
		VLC v2.2.1 Win32 C:Wy FlexApp Packages/VLC v2.2.1 Win32_20150928103043

4. A popup window appears, showing the progress of the activation. Click **OK** in the popup window when the activation is complete.



As soon as the package is activated, the (Activate) button on the FlexApp Packaging Console screen is replaced by a (Deactivate) button.

- 5. To deactivate an application, click the (Deactivate) button. As was the case during the activation process, a popup window appears, this time showing the progress of the deactivation. Click **OK** when the deactivation is complete.
- 6. Secondary launch test
  - a. Revert the FlexApp Packaging Console VM to a prior snapshot. This eliminates any trace of the corresponding application.
  - b. Log in to the FlexApp Packaging Console.
  - c. Select the corresponding FlexApp Layer.
  - d. Click the (Activate) button. This attaches the corresponding FlexApp Layer to the FlexApp Packaging Console.

Passing the CLEAN test means that the FlexApp Layer has proven functionality without any existence of the original install elements during the FlexApp Packaging process.

- If the FlexApp Layer PASSES the CLEAN launch test, then it is safe to proceed to UAT or production-ready testing.
- If the FlexApp Layer FAILS the CLEAN launch test, then additional troubleshooting steps will be necessary.

See the FlexApp Layer Troubleshooting section of this guide for additional details.

- 7. Production-ready launch test
  - a. Launch the FlexApp Packaging Console from different VM with a different OS version.
  - b. Log in to the FlexApp Packaging Console.
  - c. Select the corresponding FlexApp Layer.
  - d. Click the 🕑 (Activate) button. This attaches the corresponding FlexApp Layer to the FlexApp Packaging Console.

Passing the CLEAN test also means that the FlexApp Layer has proven functionality without any existence of the original install elements during the FlexApp Packaging process.

- If the FlexApp Layer PASSES the CLEAN launch test, then it is safe to proceed to UAT or production-ready testing.
- If the FlexApp Layer FAILS the CLEAN launch test, then additional troubleshooting steps will be necessary.

See the FlexApp Layer Troubleshooting section of this guide for additional details.

#### **Additional Testing Steps**

App owner testing on the FlexApp Packaging Console

- Open all shortcuts right after packaging, use the app like normal, and license the application like you would normally.
- Roll back the FlexApp Packaging Console snapshot.
- Activate the application, open all shortcuts, and check licensing status.

App owner testing a simulated production pool

• Activate the application, open all shortcuts, and check licensing status.

User Acceptance testing (UAT)

• Assign the application, use it like normal, and check licensing status.

### FlexApp Layer Troubleshooting

When troubleshooting the FlexApp Layer, use the following workflow to help you identify what is causing the issue you are having.

- Does the app work correctly after capture? Attempt to launch the target application after install but before clicking the Finish button and closing the layer.
  - ° If no, stop here.
    - Check that the app works natively to be sure you do not have a corrupt installer or compatibility issue.
- Does the app work and does licensing check out after rolling back the FlexApp Packaging Console?
  - If no, stop here.
    - Document the error.
    - Check event viewer for errors or warnings that could apply to the application.
    - Some error messages have reference to:
      - If reg key
        - Try to export reg key from native install and import on the FlexApp Packaging Console as a test
        - Is the reg key in the cap file but not being put down?
        - Is the reg key missing from the cap file?
        - ° Is the reg key being excluded by the virt config?
      - ° If file
        - ° Is the file in the virtual disk?
        - If file is missing from virtual disk, can you copy it in from native install and have the app work?
      - Service
        - o Virt log should show installing services failure?
      - Printer
        - Virt log will show installing printer failure?

- Compare application behavior to native install.
- Does the application have drivers?
- Does the app work on the endpoint or desktop pool outside of the FlexApp Packaging Console?
  - If there is a licensing error, then it is possible the corresponding licensing cannot be moved from machine to machine.

### **Handling Dependent Applications**

Sometimes target applications might need prerequisite software installed first. The FlexApp Packaging Console allows the packaging of applications separately or the packaging of applications into one FlexApp Layer. To package applications into one layer, the admin would package the dependent application first and then extend the FlexApp Layer to include another application, finally ending with the target application.

#### Dependent Apps Excluded from FlexApp Layer

- 1. Install the dependent application on the FlexApp Packaging Console OS before starting the packaging process. (For example, .NET)
- 2. Start the FlexApp Packaging Console and capture the target application. (For example, Paint.NET)
- 3. Perform test launches of the application.
- 4. Save and finalize the target FlexApp Layer.
- 5. Revert to a clean snapshot on the FlexApp Packaging Console VM.
- 6. Start the FlexApp Packaging Console and capture the dependent application.
- 7. Save and finalize the target dependent FlexApp Layer.
- 8. Revert to a clean snapshot on the FlexApp Packaging Console VM.
- 9. Deploy both the target application and the dependent application to the user's desktop.
- 10. Test the functionality.

The Paint.NET FlexApp Layer attempts to find the .NET dependency on the host OS during the launch process.

#### **Dependent Apps Included within FlexApp Layer**

- 1. Start the FlexApp Packaging Console.
- 2. Start the packaging process.
- 3. Package the dependent application on the FlexApp Packaging Console. (For example, .NET)
- 4. Extend the same package to include the target application. (For example, Paint.NET)
- 5. Perform test launches of the application.

- 6. Save and finalize the FlexApp Layer.
- 7. Revert to a clean snapshot on the FlexApp Packaging Console VM.
- 8. Deploy the one FlexApp Layer that contains both the target application and its dependent application to the user's desktop.
- 9. Test the functionality.

The Paint.NET FlexApp Layer leverages the .NET dependency inside the same FlexApp Layer during the launch process.

For more information on extending, cloning, and patching FlexApp Layers, refer to the FlexApp Packaging Console Guide.

### **Updating or Patching Application Layers**

Just like any application packaging process, FlexApp Layers can be updated on an as-needed basis. The following guidance represents a basic quick start guide for updating FlexApp Layers. Most enterprises will simply integrate FlexApp Layering techniques into their existing workflows.

One common best practice technique is to make a clone of the corresponding FlexApp Layer before updating it. This is similar to taking a snapshot of a VM. Making a clone of the corresponding FlexApp Layer first provides an additional roll back capability within the update process.

#### **Key Questions**

- Is it easier to create a new FlexApp layer with the corresponding application or update?
- Is it easier to clone a FlexApp Layer and perform the update within this cloned Layer?

There are no wrong answers. Every application will present different requirements or best practices with respect to update strategy. Enterprise application packaging teams will often have best practices for both application packaging and updating that FlexApp Layering can integrate with.

For more information on extending, cloning, and patching FlexApp Layers, refer to the FlexApp Packaging Console Guide.

## **Getting Help with ProfileUnity**

If you have questions or run into issues while using ProfileUnity with FlexApp, Liquidware is here to help. Our goal is to provide you with the knowledge, tools, and support you need to be productive.

#### **Using Online Resources**

Liquidware maintains various kinds of helpful resources on our Customer Support Portal. If you have questions about your product, use these online resources. The Support Portal includes product forums and a searchable knowledge base, among other items. You can visit our website at https://www.liquidware.com. For product documentation, refer to our Liquidware Document Repository.

#### **Troubleshooting with the Software**

ProfileUnity with FlexApp provides full logging capabilities to track activities. After you have tried to duplicate the issue with full logging turned on, the logfile details can be used to help pinpoint the source of the problem you are experiencing. To turn logging on, go to your login user ID at the top right of the Management Console screen and select the Administration option in the drop-down list. The Administration screen opens with the Settings tab displayed. Scroll to the ProfileUnity Console Service Log section and set the Level of Logging to Debug to provide the most information. To view the log file, click View Log. If you are still experiencing issues and need to contact Technical Support for additional help, the logfile can be sent to Support for further evaluation.

Not sure about your configuration settings? ProfileUnity offers summary reports for all your configurations, filters, and portability settings. To access these, click the **Report** link next to the name of the configuration, filter, or portability setting for which you need a report. You can download and save the report in either PDF or text format. These summary reports can also be very helpful in troubleshooting issues.

#### **Contacting Support**

If you need to contact our Support staff for technical assistance, log a request on the Liquidware Customer Support Portal or call us. Prior to logging a case you should review these helpful tips:

- Check the online help included with your Liquidware Product.
- Check the Product Documentation included with your Liquidware Product.
- Try to see if the problem is reproducible.
- Check to see if the problem is isolated to one machine or more.
- Note any recent changes to your system and environment.

• Note the version of your Liquidware product and environment details such as operating system, virtualization platform version, etc.

To speak directly with Support, call one of the following numbers:

Main Line	1-678-397-0460
Toll Free in US & Canada	1-866-914-9665
Europe/Middle East/Africa	+44 800 014 8097
Toll Free in Europe	
UK	0800 014 8097
Netherlands	0800 022 5973
Switzerland	0800 561 271